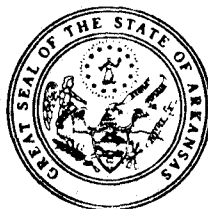


FINAL REPORT - PHASE 1  
ARA CONTRACT - Cc - 6098  
CORE DRILLING PROJECT  
PEYTON CREEK PHOSPHATE AREA  
ARKANSAS



ARKANSAS GEOLOGICAL COMMISSION  
LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

1964

FINAL REPORT - PHASE I

ARA CONTRACT - Cc - 6098

CORE DRILLING PROJECT  
PEYTON CREEK PHOSPHATE AREA  
ARKANSAS

FINAL REPORT - PHASE I  
CORE DRILLING PROJECT - PEYTON CREEK PHOSPHATE AREA  
SEARCY-VAN BUREN COUNTIES, ARKANSAS

INTRODUCTION:

The contract for the core drilling at Peyton Creek was signed by the Joy Manufacturing Company on October 14, 1963. Drilling was begun on November 4, 1963 and was terminated January 9, 1964 with the completion of Hole S-6.

DRILLING OPERATIONS:

Two core drills were utilized on the project and were operated on an eight-hour day, five-day work week basis. The drillers retained either core or cuttings for the full depth of each hole drilled. Core recovery in the phosphate zones was well within the specified 85% in all drill holes. A geologist from the Arkansas Geological Commission was present at any time during drilling operations when coring was to be initiated, when the ore zone was being drilled or when a hole was to be terminated.

SAMPLING AND ASSAYING:

Phosphate layers as narrow as 0.2' were sampled and analyzed in order to provide as complete a picture as possible of the deposits. Where a number of closely spaced phosphate layers separated by relatively barren sandstone were encountered, the sandstone was included in the

total sample since selective underground mining of thin phosphate beds would not be economically feasible. In the sampling process the cores were split, one half being sent to the laboratory for chemical analysis, and the remaining half returned to its proper sequence in the core box for a permanent reference. In addition, adequate footages of core above and below the phosphate layers in each hole were retained to provide information on floor and roof conditions. All these cores are currently in storage at the office of the Peyton Creek Phosphate Mining Company at Leslie, Arkansas.

All chemical analyses of the cores were made in the Arkansas Geological Commission laboratory at Little Rock. Pulps of all the samples have been retained in the event check analyses are desired. Only the  $P_2O_5$  content of the core samples was run to permit the laboratory to keep up with the drilling. Assays of core samples are shown both in the table of analyses for each deposit and on the stratigraphic logs of the individual drill holes.

#### RADIOACTIVE LOGGING:

It was decided to run gamma ray logs in as many of the drill holes as possible to make certain that no important phosphate beds were overlooked, particularly in the section of the drill holes that was not core-drilled. Arrangements were made with the Water Resources Branch of the U.S. Geological Survey to use their truck-mounted logging equipment on a rental basis. Considerable difficulty was encountered in

re-entering the early drill holes as the surface casing had been removed and caving had begun. The drilling contractor agreed to clean the holes out on an hourly pay basis, but the clean up effort met with limited success and was abandoned.

Despite these problems during the period December 18, 1963 through January 9, 1964, six holes N-6,7,8, and 9, and S-5 and 6 were successfully logged. The gamma ray logs of these holes accurately verified the phosphate layers that had previously been visually logged in the core and they also verified that no phosphate layers were present in the uncored section of the drill holes. Copies of all the gamma ray logs that were run are included in this report.

The effectiveness of this logging method is due to the fact that the phosphate beds are relatively higher in radioactivity than the surrounding sandstones and shales. Since radioactivity on the graph of the gamma ray log increases from left to right, the phosphate layers are represented by the peaks to the right of the graph.

Posted opposite each of these peaks on all the gamma ray logs (see Appendix A) is the thickness of phosphate rock that the peak represents. The grade of the phosphate bed is also indicated on the log in those instances where it was sampled and analyzed.

It should be noted that in all of the "N" series holes that were logged,

the peak at or nearest the bottom of the hole was not analyzed. In each of these holes this bottom peak represents the phosphatic limestone conglomerate that marks the base of the Cane Hill formation, the formation in which the phosphate beds occur. Analyses made of this conglomerate in Hole S-2 (Sample #5) and N-1 (Sample #3) indicated that it contained only 3 to 5 percent  $P_2O_5$  and therefore did not justify further testing.

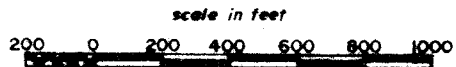
In drill hole N-8 coring was begun at 87 feet. Examination of the cuttings from the upper portion of the hole revealed that a phosphate layer had been penetrated in the 78'-83' depth interval. Chemical analysis of the cuttings from this interval showed a  $P_2O_5$  content of 3.0 percent (Sample N-8-3). The gamma ray log of this hole pinpointed the mineralization in this interval as a phosphate layer at the 82 foot depth. It is estimated to be a foot or less in thickness but would probably assay much higher than 3.0 percent  $P_2O_5$ .

#### THE MARSHALL DEPOSIT:

Prior to the ARA project no core drilling had been accomplished at the Marshall deposit. Information on the deposit was limited to the outcrops and float shown on the accompanying map. Of the nine Phase I holes programmed for the Marshall deposit, all but N-5 were drilled. N-5 was dropped because two adjacent holes, N-6 and N-4, that were drilled early in the project were essentially barren. The pertinent features of the drilling at the Marshall deposit are shown on the attached map of the deposit and described in the accompanying strati-

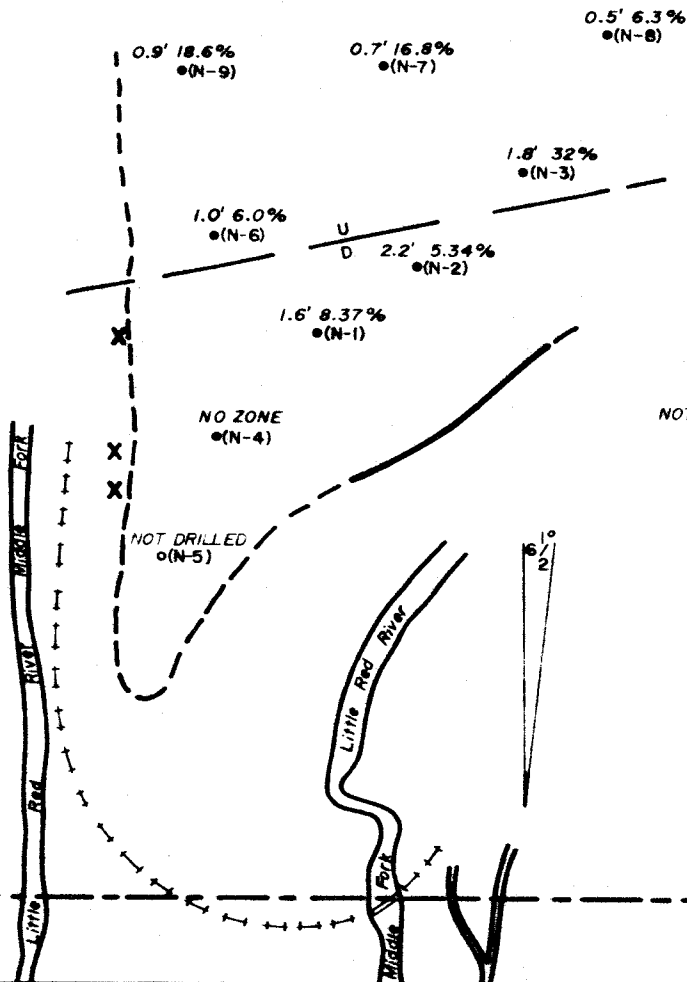
**DRILLING MAP  
OF THE  
MARSHALL PHOSPHATE DEPOSIT**

MAY, 1963  
(REVISED JANUARY 1964)



**EXPLANATION**

- Phosphate horizon boundaries
- Phosphate outcrops
- Completed drill holes (Phase I)
- X Phosphate float
- 0.7' 16.8% Thickness and grade of Phosphate rock in drill holes
- U Fault
- D



NOTE: THE FAULT HAS APPROXIMATELY 65 FEET OF DISPLACEMENT BETWEEN HOLES N-2 AND N-3

21  
11 12

SEARCY COUNTY  
VAN BUREN COUNTY

16  
12 7

graphic logs of the holes, (see Appendix B).

Examination of cores showed that the sedimentation in the Marshall deposit is very erratic. With few exceptions it was impossible to correlate either the phosphate layers or the enclosing sediments from one hole to the next. However, some generalizations can be made regarding the deposit:

- (1) In every hole a black, oolitic, limestone conglomerate marked the base of the Cane Hill formation, the formation which carries the phosphate beds in this area. This conglomerate was slightly phosphatic, ranging from 3 to 5 percent in  $P_2O_5$  content.
- (2) The phosphatic beds occur in a crossbedded brownish sandstone. The number and position of these beds in the sandstone, and their thickness and grade varied from hole to hole. (The analyses are shown on the accompanying table).
- (3) The phosphatic layers were characteristically thin (less than two feet), and with the exception of Hole N-3, low in  $P_2O_5$  content.
- (4) The presence of a fault was established by the drilling. (See map). Due to this faulting, the total depth of all holes drilled on the upthrown side of the fault were considerably less than estimated.



## MARSHALL DEPOSIT

### Chemical Analysis Of Core Samples

Drill Hole Number	Sample Number	Depth From	Interval To	Thickness	Percent P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>
N-1	1	79.7	84.0	4.3	1.04
	2	66.8	68.4	1.6	8.37
	3	83.8	85.0	1.2	3.13
	4	70.6	70.7	0.1	4.58
N-2	1	77.5	79.7	2.2	5.34
N-3	1	39.5	41.3	1.8	32.0
N-4	1	60.7	64.3	5.6	1.93
	2	64.5	69.8	5.3	2.80
	3	69.8	83.5	13.7	1.29
N-5	-	-	Not Drilled	-	-
N-6	1	49.5	50.5	1.0	6.0
N-7	1	96.3	97.0	0.7	16.8
N-8	1	102.5	103.0	0.5	6.3
	2	110.8	112.5	1.7	4.8
	3	78	83	5.0	3.1*
N-9	1	57.4	58.3	0.9	18.6

\* Analysis was made on cuttings from this five foot interval.

- (5) The only drill hole containing significant phosphate rock was N-3 which had a 1.8' layer assaying 32%  $P_2O_5$ . This was the highest grade rock ever encountered by personnel of this office either in cores or in outcrops. Adjacent drill holes, however, failed to disclose similar material, so the N-3 occurrence was apparently very local.

The drilling results indicate that the Marshall deposit consists of an outcrop of a single continuous bed of phosphate that dissipates rather rapidly underground into a series of thin, discontinuous, phosphate layers.

ORE RESERVES - MARSHALL DEPOSIT:

The potential tonnage of phosphate rock in this deposit is so small that no reserve estimate was made.

THE FERGUSON DEPOSIT:

All five of the Phase I drill holes originally scheduled for the Ferguson deposit were drilled. Although all of these encountered some phosphate, Hole S-2 was the only hole that showed a significant thickness (14 feet) from the standpoint of underground mining operations. At the close of the project it was decided to use the funds remaining in the Phase I program in an attempt to extend the apparent trend of the Ferguson ore body southward from Hole S-2. An additional hole (S-6) was spotted about 520 feet south of S-2. S-6 was drilled

and a bed of phosphate 13 feet thick assaying 24.7%  $P_2O_5$  was encountered at 373 feet. This was undoubtedly the most significant hole drilled during the project from the standpoint of thickness and grade combined, and it did verify the southward trend of the ore body. The pertinent features of the drilling at the Ferguson deposit are shown on the enclosed map and cross-section of the deposit, and described in the accompanying stratigraphic logs of the holes. (See Appendix B).

Unlike the Marshall deposit the phosphate beds, as well as the enclosing sediments at the Ferguson deposit, can be readily correlated throughout the deposit.

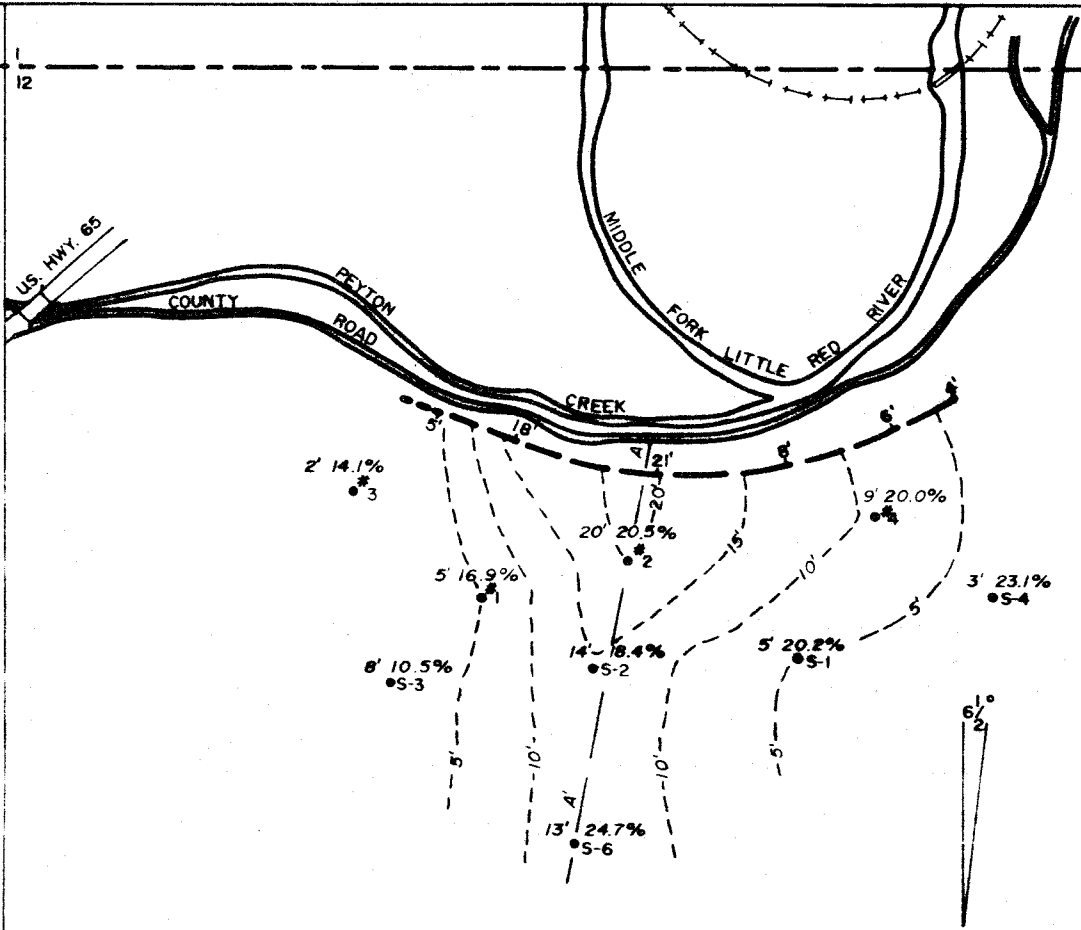
The Ferguson deposit at the outcrop has a cross-section similar to that of a broad, slightly asymmetrical bowl; the top being relatively flat, and the base tapering upward to the east and west from a point of maximum thickness at the center. Southward from the outcrop the deposit constricts and is more channel-like in cross-section.

From a study of the drill cores it is believed that the phosphate was deposited in Cane Hill time along with the enclosing sandstone in topographic lows; i.e., basins and channels in the Pitkin land surface. The limestone conglomerate noted in the discussion of the Marshall deposit was encountered in Hole S-2 and is presumed to mark the base of the Cane Hill formation in this hole.

2 1  
11 12

SEARCY COUNTY  
VAN BUREN COUNTY

6  
12 7

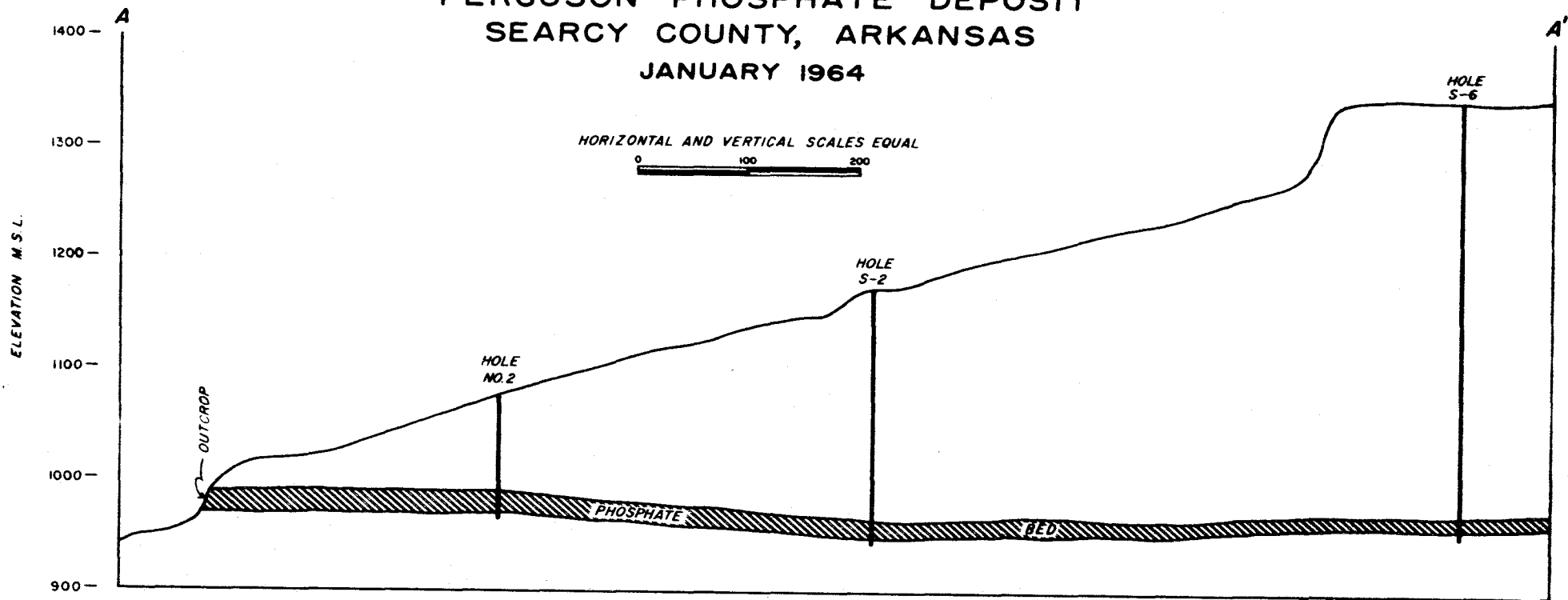


**DRILLING MAP  
OF THE  
FERGUSON PHOSPHATE DEPOSIT**  
MAY, 1963  
(REVISED JANUARY 1964)  
scale in feet  
200 0 200 400 600 800 1000

- EXPLANATION**
- S-2 Completed drill hole (Phase I)
  - #3 Completed core hole, (1961 drilling)
  - 3' 23.1% Thickness & grade of phosphate in core holes
  - 15' --- Phosphate isopach
  - 6' — Phosphate outcrops showing exposed thicknesses

NOTE: CROSS SECTION A-A' SHOWN ON SEPARATE PLATE  
ARKANSAS GEOLOGICAL COMM.

**CROSS SECTION A-A'**  
**FERGUSON PHOSPHATE DEPOSIT**  
**SEARCY COUNTY, ARKANSAS**  
**JANUARY 1964**



The phosphatic rock encountered in the Phase I core holes was essentially the same in composition and texture as that cored in the 1961 drilling. It has the characteristic oolitic texture, calcite cement, carbonized wood fragments and variable amounts of quartz sand. The variations in grade are due primarily to the degree of dilution of the rock with sand grains. The accompanying table shows the analyses of all cores tested from the Ferguson deposit.

ORE RESERVES - FERGUSON DEPOSIT:

Reserve estimates were made using the phosphate isopachs shown on the map and the average-end-area method of computation. A minimum thickness of 5 feet and an average grade of 20% was established for the estimate. A unit weight of 192#/cu. ft. was determined for the phosphate rock by measuring the specific gravity of core from Hole S-6. Limited to present drilling and utilizing the above factors the Ferguson deposit contains 1,502,000 short dry tons of phosphate rock averaging 20 percent P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> and occurring in a bed 5 feet or greater in thickness. It should be noted that this is a gross tonnage figure and makes no allowance for mining losses.

FERGUSON DEPOSIT

Chemical Analysis of Core Samples

Drill Hole Number	Sample Number	Depth From	Interval To	Thickness	Percent P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>
S-1	1	208.8	209.3	0.5	27.6
	2	210.2	211.4	1.2	22.2
	3	213.5	218.4	4.9	20.2
S-2	1	204.9	205.4	0.5	26.3
	2	205.9	207.1	1.2	26.9
	3	208.9	215.3	6.4	18.4
	4	215.3	223.3	8.0	18.3
	5	232.3	236.7	4.4	5.42
S-3	1	257.2	265.2	8.0	10.5
S-4	1	198.5	201.5	3.0	23.1
S-5	1	206.0	206.7	0.7	13.3
S-6	1	373	386.1	13.1	24.7

RECOMMENDATIONS:

In view of the unfavorable results of the drilling at the Marshall deposit, no further drilling is recommended for this deposit.

At the Ferguson deposit a southward trend has definitely been established for the ore body, and although considerably less than the six million tons have been indicated by the Phase I drilling, it is felt that the possible extension of the deposit beyond Hole S-6 should be investigated by further drilling. Inasmuch as it is impossible to predict the trend the ore may follow, it is recommended that initially a group of three holes be drilled 500 feet south, east, and west, respectively of Hole S-6.

It is recommended that additional holes should be laid out and drilled as long as the grade and thickness of the phosphate rock justified such continuation, and, of course as long as expenditures for drilling did not exceed funds allocated for Phase II.

Based on charges for Phase I drilling, it is estimated that the three initial holes could be drilled for \$4,700. Subsequent holes would probably average \$2,000 per hole.

If the entire \$50,000 were expended, 22 additional holes could be drilled. Assuming each hole was drilled on 500 foot centers and



penetrated 10 feet of phosphate, the hole would indicate approximately 250,000 tons of ore.

Using these assumptions, 25 such holes would add approximately 6,250,000 tons of ore to the 1.5 million developed in Phase I.

APPENDIX **A**

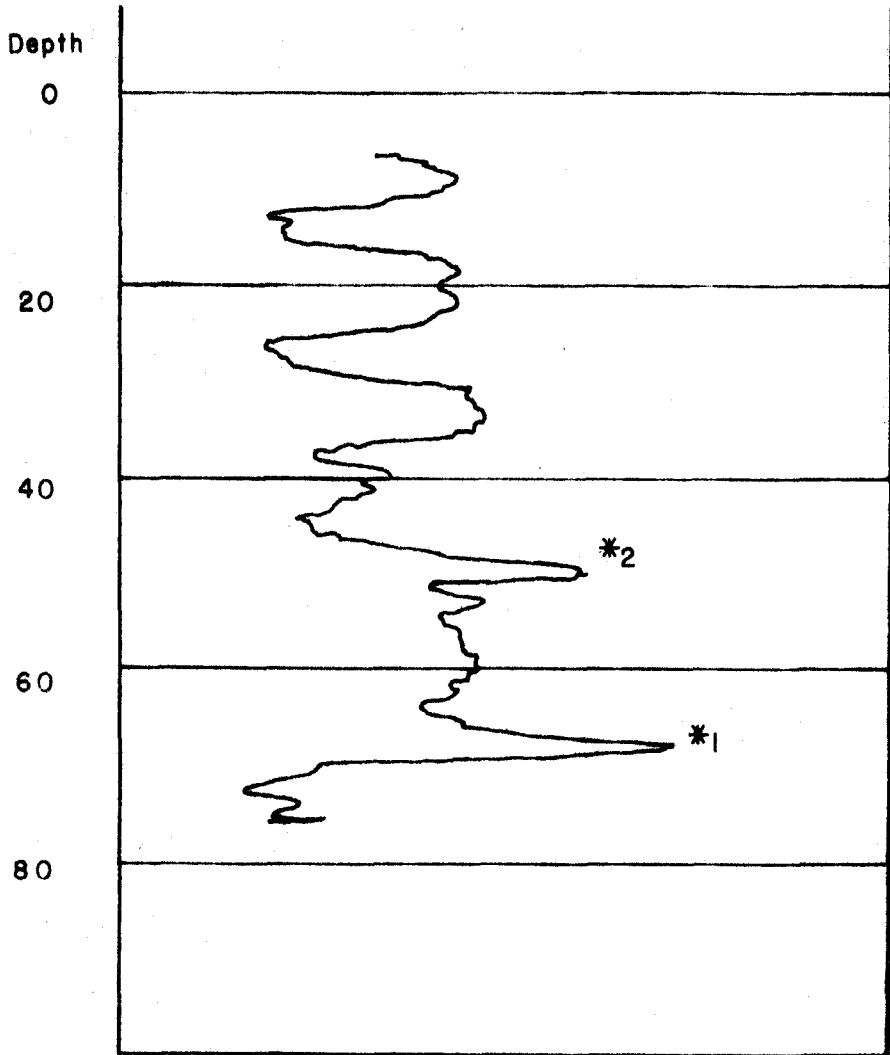
GAMMA RAY LOGS OF SELECTED DRILL HOLES

A.R.A. PHOSPHATE DRILLING PROJECT  
SEARCY-VAN BUREN COUNTY, ARKANSAS

GAMMA RAY LOG

Hole No.  
T. D.  
Surface Elev. (msl)  
G. R. Scale  
Peak Reading (\*1)  
(\*2)  
Logging Speed  
Date Logged

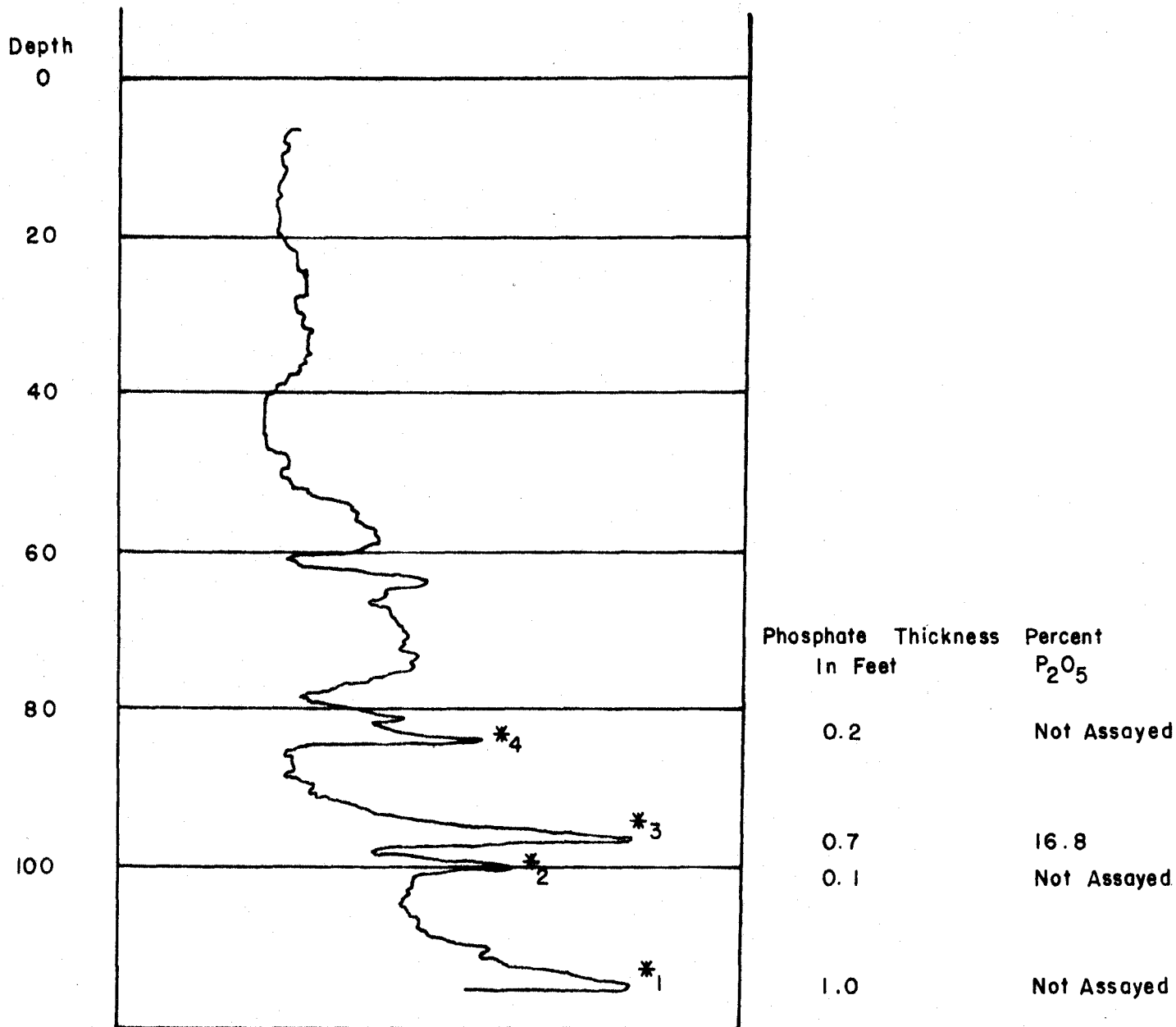
N-6  
76 ft.  
1,099 ft.  
.025  
2.9 MR/H  
1.7 MR/H  
12 ft./min.  
12/18/63



Phosphate Thickness In Feet	Percent P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>
1.0	6.0
1.2	Not Assayed

A.R.A. PHOSPHATE DRILLING PROJECT  
SEARCY-VAN BUREN COUNTY, ARKANSAS

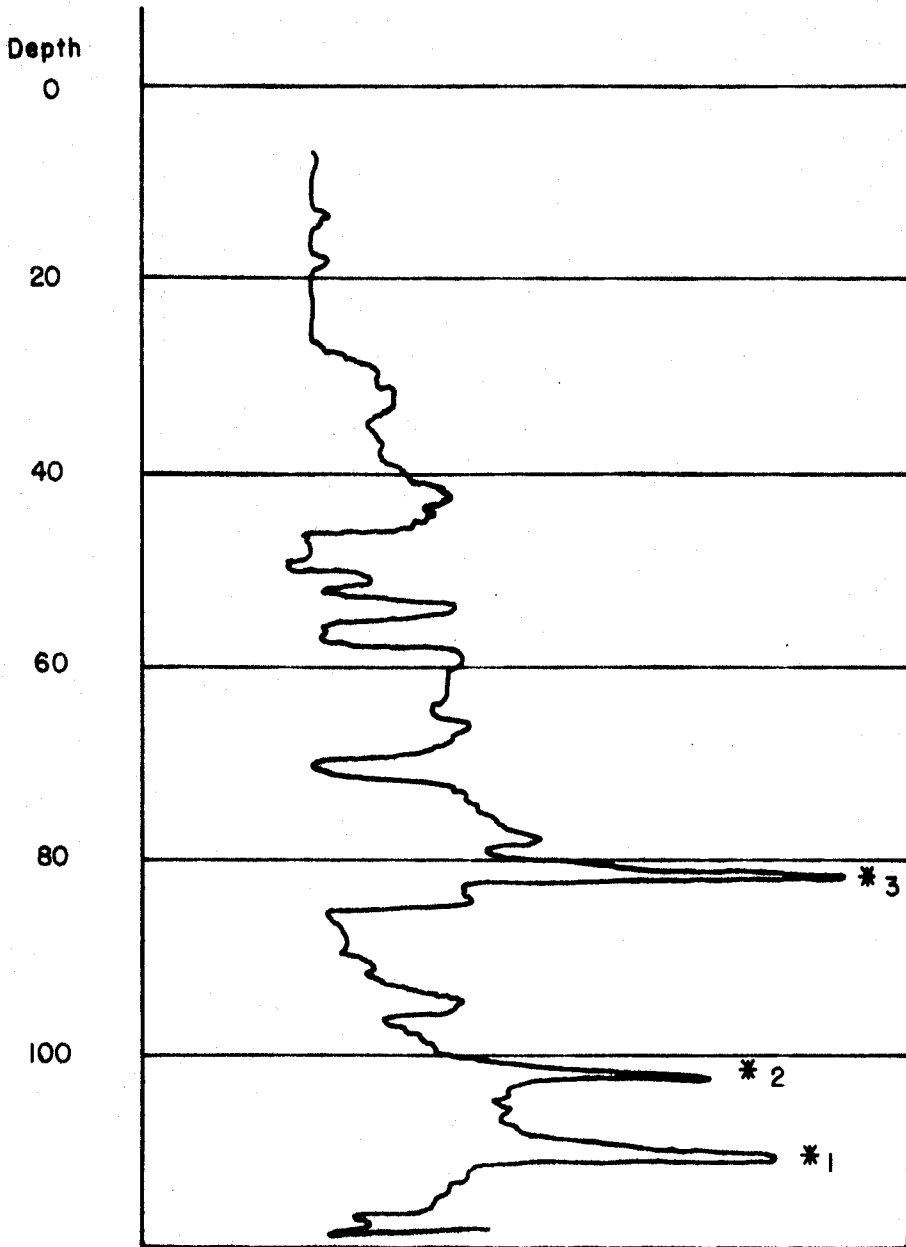
Hole No.	N-7
T. D.	115 ft.
Surface Elev. (msl)	1,150 ft.
G. R. Scale	.025
Peak Reading (*1)	1.2 MR/H
(*2)	2.0 MR/H
(*3)	2.5 MR/H
(*4)	2.0 MR/H
Logging Speed	15 ft./ min.
Date Logged	12/28/63



A.R.A. PHOSPHATE DRILLING PROJECT  
SEARCY-VAN BUREN COUNTY, ARKANSAS

GAMMA RAY LOG

Hole No.	N-8
T. D.	119 ft.
Surface Elev. (msl.)	1,158 ft.
G. R. Scale	.025
Peak Reading (*1)	2.0 MR/H
(*2)	2.0 MR/H
(*3)	2.5 MR/H
Logging Speed	12' /min.
Date Logged	12/26/63



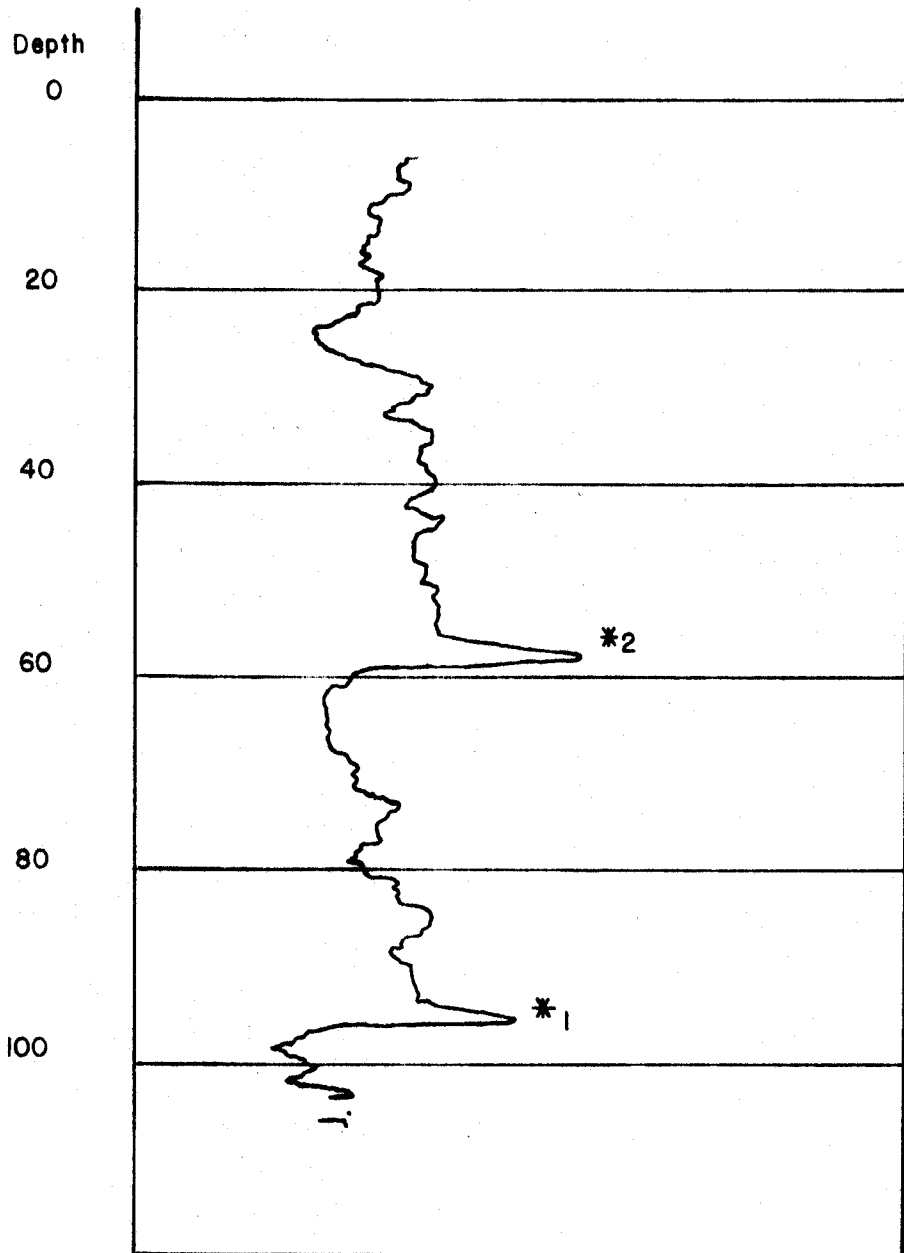
Phosphate Thickness In Feet	Percent P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>
See Text	
.5	6.3
1.7	4.8

A.R.A. PHOSPHATE DRILLING PROJECT  
SEARCY-VAN BUREN COUNTY, ARKANSAS

GAMMA RAY LOG

Hole No.  
T. D.  
Surface Elev. (msl)  
G. R. Scale  
Peak Reading (\*1)  
(\*2)  
Logging Speed  
Date Logged

N-9  
103 ft.  
1,110 ft.  
.025  
2.5 MR/H  
3.0 MR/H  
15 ft./min.  
12/20/63



Phosphate Thickness In Feet	Percent P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>
0.9	18.6
1.6	Not Assayed

**APPENDIX B**

**GAMMA RAY LOGS OF SELECTED DRILL HOLES**

# STRATIGRAPHIC LOG

HOLE NO. N-1 LOCATION NE $\frac{1}{4}$ , SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SEC. 1, T13N, R15W, Searcy County

PAGE 1 OF 1 DATE 11-4-63 COLLAR ELEV. 1072 NOTES BY DEH, PJS

LITHOLOGIC NOTES		
DEPTH	PROFILE	DESCRIPTION
0-23.5'		Weathered sandstone boulders and clay
23.5'-27.7'		Sandstone; gray, fine grained with a few 3-6" layers of fossiliferous limestone and limestone conglomerate
27.7'-31.0'		Sandstone; finely-laminated cross bedded
31.0'-37.8'		Sandstone; medium grained dark gray, calcareous with few black shale partings and carbonized wood fragments
37.8'-44.0'		Black clay shale - locally contains 1-3" siderite concretions
44.0'-49.0'		Sandstone; medium-grained dark gray calcareous with few thin shale seams and partings
49.0'-49.6'		Sandstone; dark gray, fine grained with pyrite in fractures
49.6'-57.2'		Black clay shale with some thin siderite concretions
57.2'-58.2'		Sandstone; gray, medium grained, finely laminated
58.2'-61.4'		Black clay shale
61.4'-66.8'		Shale; dark gray sandy slightly oolitic
66.8'-68.4'		Limestone conglomerate; coarsely crystalline, oolitic fossiliferous
68.4'-75.9'		Alternating layers of fine grained sandstone and black shale
75.9'-77.2'		Sandstone; gray fine grained
77.2'-79.7'		Black clay shale with scattered black carbonaceous sand seams
79.7'-83.8'		Alternating layers of black fine grained carbonaceous sandstone and black clay shale
83.8'-85.0'		Limestone conglomerate; dark coarse-grained fossiliferous and oolitic
85.0'-87.6'		Limestone conglomerate with large limestone pebbles
87.6'-88.4'		Limestone; gray green dense
88.4'-89.9'		Limy shale; gray green
89.9'-91.5'		Limestone; gray dense crinoidal
91.5'-91.9'		Gray clay shale
91.9'-93.2'		Limestone; black fossiliferous
93.2'-96.0'		Limestone; dark gray oolitic

BORING NOTES				
DEPTH		INTERV.	CORE RECOVER.	% RECOVER.
FROM	TO			
0	23.5	23.5		
23.5	25.5	2.0		
25.5	27.7	2.2		
27.7	29.3	1.6		
29.3	35.6	6.3		
35.6	38.9	3.3		
38.9	43.6	4.7		
43.6	49.6	6.0		
49.6	55.9	6.3		
55.9	65.8	9.9	9.8	99
65.8	69.8	4.0	3.6	90
69.8	75.9	6.1	6.0	98
75.9	85.8	9.8	9.8	100
85.8	96.0	10.2	9.8	96

SAMPLING NOTES			
DEPTH		INTERV.	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
79.7	84.0	4.3	N-1-1
66.8	68.4	1.6	N-1-2
83.8	85.0	1.2	N-1-3
70.6	70.7	0.1	N-1-4

%  
P. 0  
2  
1.0  
8.3  
3.1  
4.5



# STRATIGRAPHIC LOG

HOLE NO. N-2 LOCATION NW¼, SE¼, Sec 1, T13N, R15W, Searcy County  
 11-7-63  
 PAGE 1 OF 1 DATE 11-13-63 COLLAR ELEV. 1075 NOTES BY DFH,RVB

LITHOLOGIC NOTES		
DEPTH	PROFILE	DESCRIPTION
0-30'		Weathered sandstone and clay
30'-37'		Black clay shale
37'-42.6'		Sandstone; gray, fine grained with some interbedded shale layers
42.6'-43.8'		Shale; brown to gray sandy in part scattered siderite pebbles
43.8'-45.9'		Sandstone; light to dark gray, pyrite, medium grained
45.9'-53.7'		Clay shale with carbonaceous plant fragments
53.7'-61.5'		Sandstone - medium grained gray
61.5'-66.4'		Black clay shale-thin white calcite partings
66.4'-71.4'		Interbedded sandstone and shale
71.4'-75.0'		Siltstone; soft gray to brown
		Argillaceous
75.0'-77.5'		Black clay shale
77.5'-79.7'		Sandstone; gray, oolitic
79.7'-83.3'		Sandstone; fine grained, gray calcareous with some shale partings
83.3'-89.6'		Interbedded gray calcareous sandstone and black gray shale
89.6'-99.9'		Black clay shale with interbedded black carbonaceous sandstone
99.9'-100.9'		Limestone conglomerate; coarse grained, fossiliferous, oolitic
100.9'-102.0'		Limestone; medium grained, black, fossiliferous, oolitic
102'-103'		Limestone; dense, earthy, gray-green

BORING NOTES				
DEPTH		INTERV	CORE RECOV	% RECOV
FROM	TO			
0	23	23		
23	37	14		
37	41	4		
41	42.8	1.7		
42.8	46.8	4.0		
46.8	49.5	2.7		
49.5	53.7	4.2		
53.7	62.9	9.2		
62.9	72.7	9.8	9.0	92
72.7	81.1	8.4	7.5	89
81.1	84.2	3.1	3.1	100
84.2	89.6	5.4	5.0	93
89.6	96.6	7.0	6.8	97
96.6	103	6.4	6.0	94

SAMPLING NOTES			
DEPTH		INTERV	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
77.5	79.7	2.2	N-2-1

%  
P205  
5.34

# STRATIGRAPHIC LOG

HOLE NO. N-3 LOCATION NW<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> SE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> SEC 1 T13N R15W, Searcy County  
 PAGE 1 OF 1 DATE 11-11-63  
11-13-63 COLLAR ELEV. 1103 NOTES BY RVB-DFH

LITHOLOGIC NOTES		
DEPTH	PROFILE	DESCRIPTION
0-15'		Weathered sandstone and clay
15'-18.7'		Sandstone; fine to medium grained
		cross bedded gray to brown
18.7'-19'		Interbedded gray siltstone and black shale
		(mostly siltstone)
19.0'-33.0'		Black clay shale
33.0'-37.2'		Sandstone; medium grained brown
37.2'-38.6'		Sandstone; medium grained gray calcareous
38.6'-39.5'		Sandstone; medium grained brown
39.5'-41.3'		Phosphorite
41.3'-42.7'		Sandstone; brown medium grained
42.7'-46.1'		Sandstone; fine grained gray calcareous
		massive
46.1'-46.2'		Sandstone; oolitic
46.2'-52.6'		Sandstone; fine grained, gray, cross bedded,
		thin shale partings
52.6'-65.0'		Black clay shale
65.0'-67.1'		Limestone; black, oolitic, massive, top 2"
		fossiliferous
67.1'-68.2'		Limestone; gray, earthy, dense
68.2'-71.7'		Limestone; massive gray fossiliferous
71.7'-73.1'		Limestone; gray shaly
73.1'-73.4'		Black clay shale
73.4'-74.1'		Limestone; black shaly
74.1'-74.9'		Limestone; fossiliferous, black oolitic
74.9'-75.3'		Shale; gray fossiliferous calcareous

BORING NOTES				
DEPTH		INTERV.	CORE RECOVER.	% RECOVER.
FROM	TO			
0	15	15		
15	26	11		
26	33	7		
33	42.7	9.7	8.3	86
42.7	52.7	10.0	9.5	95
52.7	57.4	4.7	3.6	77
57.4	65.0	7.6	rock	bit
65.0	75.3	10.3	10.3	100

SAMPLING NOTES			
DEPTH		INTERV.	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
39.5	41.3	1.8	N-3-1

%  
P2 C  
32.





# STRATIGRAPHIC LOG

HOLE NO. N-7 LOCATION NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , SEC. 1 T13N, R15W, Searcy County  
 12-11-63  
 PAGE 1 OF 1 DATE 12-17-63 COLLAR ELEV. 1150 NOTES BY DEH, RVB

LITHOLOGIC NOTES		
DEPTH	PROFILE	DESCRIPTION
0-60'		Sandstone boulders and clay
60'-60.7'		Black clay shale
60.7'-61.8'		Sandstone; dark gray dark brown, medium grained, honeycomb texture due to leaching, coarse conglomerate at 60.9'-61.3'
61.8'-65.1'		Sandstone; gray, fossil plant remains, a few inches of cross bedded shaly siltstone
65.1'-65.4'		Shale and shaly sandstone, conglomerate with calcareous pebbles
65.4'-71.1'		Shale
71.1'-71.8'		Sandstone; gray, with irregular shale partings
71.8'-72.7'		Black clay shale - with interbedded shaly sandstone
72.7'-75.5'		Black clay shale; weathered greenish at the top
75.5'-76.0'		Sandstone; finely cross laminated with shale partings
76.0'-85'		Sandstone; medium grained orange, with two thin phosphate layers (84.1'-84.3') and (84.6'-84.65')
85.0'-91.5'		Sandstone; medium grained, gray to brown
91.5'-96.3'		Sandstone; medium grained, gray to red, thin oolitic partings
96.3'-97.0'		Phosphorite
97.0'-99.8'		Sandstone; gray, medium-grained, hard and dense
99.8'-109'		Shale; black carbonaceous, fissile-conglomeratic hard black phosphorite (?) from 108.9'-109'
109'-114'		Black clay shale with gray siltstone pods and siderite lenses
114'-115'		Limestone conglomerate; oolitic fossiliferous.
115'-115.7'		Coarse pebble limestone conglomerate
115.7'-116.0'		Limestone; dense, black
116.0'-116.5'		Limestone; gray, fossiliferous

BORING NOTES				
DEPTH		INTERV	CORE RECOM	% RECOM
FROM	TO			
0	60	60	Rock	Bit
60	60.7	0.7	0.7	100
60.7	64.7	4.7	4.0	85
64.7	72.7	8.0	2.2	27
72.7	77.7	5.0	4.5	90
77.7	85.5	7.8	7.4	95
85.5	91.5	6.0	6.0	100
91.5	98.0	6.5	6.5	100
98.0	107	9.0	9.0	100
107	116.5	9.5	9.0	94

SAMPLING NOTES			
DEPTH		INTERV	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
96.3	97.0	0.7	N-7-1
108.6	109.0	0.4	N-7-2

%  
P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>  
16.8  
2.35











## STRATIGRAPHIC LOG

HOLE NO. S-2 LOCATION SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , SEC. 12, T13N, R15W, Van Buren County

11-16-63

PAGE 1 OF 2 DATE 11-23-63 COLLAR ELEV. 1172 NOTES BY OAW, DEH, RVE

LITHOLOGIC NOTES		
DEPTH	PROFILE	DESCRIPTION
0-22'		Weathered sandstone, clay and sandstone boulders
22'-58'		Sandstone; very fine grained varying from gray to blue gray to brown in color
58'-59'		Interbedded sandstone and shale
59'-59.2'		Conglomerate
59.2'-109.3'		Black clay shale; 3" fossil debris at 67.6', 6" fossil debris zone at 83.3', A few $\frac{1}{2}$ " siderite lenses 3" pyritic zone at 104.4', interbedded sand seams 106.4'-107.4'.
109.3'-113.2'		Sandstone; gray fine-grained cross bedded with 2-2" black shale layers
113.2'-175'		Black shale with scattered siderite lenses
175'-176.3'		Sandstone; fine grained some shale partings
176.3'-179.1'		Sandstone; fine grained light and dark gray, shale partings
179.1'-180.8'		Alternating layers of crossbedded brownish fine grained sandstone and black pyritic shale
180.8'-181.9'		Black shale-conglomeratic with siderite pebbles
181.9'-182.9'		Alternating black shale and gray fine-grained sandstone
182.9'-184.6'		Sandstone-fine grained gray, shale partings, carbonized plant fragments
184.6'-186.4'		Alternating gray sandstone and shale-plant imprints in sandstone
186.4'-188.9'		Black shale scattered siderite concretions

BORING NOTES				
DEPTH		INTERV.	CORE RECOV.	% RECOV.
FROM	TO			
0	22	22		
22	34.5	12.5		
34.5	42.6	8.1		
42.6	52.6	10.0		
52.6	61.4	8.8		
61.4	68.2	6.8		
68.2	86.1	17.9		
86.1	94.5	8.4		
94.5	104.9	10.4		
104.9	116.0	11.1		
116.0	158.0	42.0		
158.0	175	17.0		
175	186.7	11.7		
186.7	197.0	10.3		
197.0	216.8	19.8	19.4	98
216.8	227.3	10.5	10.4	99
227.3	237.3	10.0	9.7	97

SAMPLING NOTES			
DEPTH		INTERV.	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
204.9	205.4	0.5	S-2-1
205.9	207.1	1.2	S-2-2
208.9	215.3	6.4	S-2-3
215.3	223.3	8.0	S-2-4
232.3	236.7	4.4	S-2-5

25  
26.3  
26.9  
18.4  
18.3  
5.42



# STRATIGRAPHIC LOG

HOLE NO. S-3 LOCATION SW 1/4 NW 1/4 SEC. 12 T13N R15W, Van Buren, County  
 PAGE 1 OF 2 DATE 11-26-63 COLLAR ELEV. 1247 NOTES BY OAW, DEH RVB,

LITHOLOGIC NOTES		
DEPTH	PROFILE	DESCRIPTION
0'-35'		Weathered sandstone and clay
35'-40'		Gray shale
40'-45'		Gray slightly sandy shale
45'-55'		Gray shale
55'-60'		Gray silty shale
60'-64'		Sandstone; light gray fine grained
64'-85.7'		Sandstone; fine to medium-grained scattered shale partings - bituminous material in partings
85.7'-114.1'		Sandstone; very fine grained stylolitic shale partings
114.1'-116.1'		Black shale - with some interbedded sandstone
116.1'-116.9'		Sandstone - argillaceous - crossbedded with fossil fragments
116.9'-117.9'		Conglomerate; siderite pebbles, silicified fossils, honeycomb texture, non-calcareous
117.9'-158'		Black shale - carbonaceous and sandy
158'-159.8'		Black shale and crossbedded sandstone
159.8'-163.4'		Sandstone; gray, crossbedded, 0.5' zone fossil debris
163.4'-164.5'		Black shale and crossbedded sandstone
164.5'-228.0'		Black shale
228.0'-230.8'		Sandstone; gray to dark gray, medium grained
230.8'-231'		Siltstone; gray
231'-234'		Black shale with siltstone and sandstone streaks
234'-238'		Sandstone; gray, with thin shale partings and layers, 1/2" zone siderite fragments at 238'
238'-248'		Black shale with scattered siderite concretions
243'-248.4'		Siltstone; finely laminated
243.4'-250.4'		Siltstone; massive, gray, calcareous with stylolitic shale partings
250.4'-253.7'		Interbedded grey calcareous siltstone and black clay shale
253.7'-257.2'		Black clay shale

BORING NOTES				
DEPTH		INTERV.	CORE RECOV.	% RECOV.
FROM	TO			
0	64	64		
64	104.4	40.4		
104.4	119	14.6		
119	158	39		
158	165	7		
165	228	63		
228	241	13		
241	250	9		
250	253.7	3.7	3.7	100
253.7	265.2	11.5	11.5	100
265.2	270.7	5.5	5.5	100
270.7	278.8	8.1	8.1	100

SAMPLING NOTES			
DEPTH		INTERV.	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
257.2	265.2	8.0	S-3-1

%  
P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>  
10.5



# STRATIGRAPHIC LOG

HOLE NO. S-4 LOCATION SW $\frac{1}{4}$ , NE $\frac{1}{4}$  SEC. 12, T13N, R15W, Van Buren, County

PAGE 1 OF 1 DATE 11-29-63 COLLAR ELEV. 1152 NOTES BY TF, DEH, OAW  
12-4-63

LITHOLOGIC NOTES		
DEPTH	PROFILE	DESCRIPTION
0-37'		Weathered sandstone boulders and clay
37'-51'		Siltstone; gray, with very thin shale partings
51'-102'		Black shale
102'-104.5'		Siltstone; gray with carbonized wood fragments
104.5'-167.0'		Black clay shale
167.0'-169.5'		Sandstone; light gray with interbedded shale, black carbonaceous
169.5'-172.6'		Sandstone; light gray with limy streaks (72'-72.6' fossiliferous fragmental conglomerate)
172.6'-176.2'		Black shale with scattered siderite lenses
176.2'-178.4'		Sandstone; light gray slightly argillaceous
178.4'-183.7'		Black shale with few sand stringers, siderite lenses, conglomerate
183.7'-190.4'		Sandstone; white calcareous streak of fossiliferous debris
190.4'-197.3'		Interbedded sandstone and black shale
197.3'-197.9'		Sandstone; light gray conglomeratic
197.9'-198.5'		Sandstone; gray crossbedded contains narrow oolitic zones
198.5'-199.6'		Phosphorite
199.6'-200.0'		Sandstone; gray, cross bedded few oolitic seams
200.0'-201.5'		Phosphorite
201.5'-203.1'		Sandstone; gray, carbonaceous calcareous
203.1'-204.3'		Black clay shale (1" brown waxy clay)
204.3'-214.3'		Hard black calcareous shale 6" fossiliferous zone at 213.3'

BORING NOTES				
DEPTH		INTERV.	CORE RECOV.	% RECOV.
FROM	TO			
0	37	37		
37	52	14		
52	102	50		
102	105	3		
105	167	62		
167	173.8	6.8		
173.8	181.0	7.1		
181.0	190.4	9.4		
190.4	198.3	7.9	7.8	98
198.3	205.2	6.9	6.9	100
205.2	214.8	9.6	9.3	97

SAMPLING NOTES			
DEPTH		INTERV.	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
198.5	201.5	3.0	S-4-1

%  
P2 C  
23.1

# STRATIGRAPHIC LOG

HOLE NO. S-5 LOCATION NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , NE $\frac{1}{4}$  SEC. 12 T13N, R15W, Van Buren, County

PAGE 1 OF 2 DATE 12-6-63  
12-17-63 COLLAR ELEV. 1134 NOTES BY DEH, TE, OAW

LITHOLOGIC NOTES		
DEPTH	PROFILE	DESCRIPTION
0-10'		Clay and sandstone boulders
10-54.3'		Sandstone; light gray to brown medium grained stylolitic and shale partings
54.3'-54.9'		Shale; black fossiliferous, pyritic streaks, siderite pebbles
54.9'-102'		Black shale
102'-105'		Shale; black, clay fissile 0.5' pebbly zone
105'-107'		Shale; black with interbedded thin sand streaks
107'-112.3'		Sandstone; light gray medium grained, thinly laminated (111.4'-112.0'), two 1" shale breaks with plant fragments
112.3'-177'		Black clay shale
177'-178.4'		Interbedded and banded gray siltstone and black shale (mostly siltstone)
178.4'-180.7'		Siltstone; gray with carbonized wood fragment partings
180.7'-181.2'		Black shale
181.2'-182.7'		Conglomerate; very coarse pebbles mostly siderite, sand and limestone matrix
182.7'-183.8'		Interbedded gray siltstone and black shale
183.8'-187.5'		Siltstone; massive, gray
187.5'-188.4'		Interbedded gray siltstone and black shale, 1" brecciated zone at 188.1'
188.4'-191.9'		Black shale with many siderite concretions
191.9'-192.2'		Siltstone; dark, gray, dense, argillaceous
192.2'-192.7'		Siltstone; mottled, gray to dark gray, banded
192.7'-193.5'		Interbedded dark gray siltstone and black shale
193.5'-194.6'		Siltstone; light gray, 2" conglomerate layer at base
194.6'-195.2'		Siltstone; gray, finely banded, few narrow shale partings
195.2'-199.6'		Sandstone; massive, gray scattered pyrite seams
199.6'-200.0'		Black clay shale
200.0'-202.3'		Siltstone; gray, banded in part 2 thin shale seams

BORING NOTES				
DEPTH		INTERV.	CORE RECOV.	% RECOV.
FROM	TO			
0	10	10		
10	21	11		
21	31	10		
31	51	20		
51	54.9	3.9		
54.9	102	47.1		
102	112	10		
112	177	65		
177	187.5	10.5	10.2	97
187.5	190.8	3.3	3.1	94
190.8	207.0	16.2	16.2	100
207.0	217.0	10.0	10.0	100

SAMPLING NOTES				
DEPTH		INTERV.	SAMPLE NUMBER	%
FROM	TO			
206.0	206.7	0.7	S-5-1	13.3

%  
P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>  
13.3





# STRATIGRAPHIC LOG

HOLE NO. S-6 LOCATION SE $\frac{1}{2}$ , NW $\frac{1}{2}$  SEC. 12, T13N, R15W, Van Buren, County

PAGE 1 OF 2 DATE 12-30-63  
1-9-64 COLLAR ELEV. 1347 NOTES BY DEH

LITHOLOGIC NOTES		
DEPTH	PROFILE	DESCRIPTION
0-20'		Sand and clay
20-63'		Sandstone; buff to brown, medium-grained; slightly friable, massive
63'-81.3'		Sandstone; unweathered equivalent of above rock, light gray, some mica flakes
81.3'-84.0'		Interbedded black shale and gray sandstone
84.0'-184.0'		Black clay shale
184.0'-187.7'		Interbedded thinly laminated gray sandstone and shale, black micaceous shaly sandstone, and siderite nodules
187.7'-225'		Siltstone; gray, slightly micaceous with numerous thin black shale partings
225.0'-225.5'		Conglomeratic layer; large black phosphate or siderite pebbles
225.5'-337'		Black clay shale with occasional large siderite nodules
337'-340.4'		Siltstone; gray, crossbedded 0.2' black clay shale at 338.8'
340.4'-341.4'		Black shale, brown siltstone and siderite lenses
341.4'-342'		Gray siltstone
342.0'-343.7'		Black clay shale - 0.3' interbedded shale and siltstone at bottom
343.7'-346.1'		Gray siltstone
346.1'-351.9'		Black clay shale with large siderite concretions - bottom 0.5' silty
351.9'-357.4'		Siltstone; gray with thin black shale partings
357.4'-358.4'		Alternating black, gray and brown siltstone with some black shale
358.4'-359.7'		Siltstone; gray, with 2 0.1' conglomerates, siderite pebbles
359.7'-360.1'		Black clay shale
360.1'-360.4'		Siltstone; gray, conglomeratic
360.4'-360.8'		Siltstone; gray
360.8'-362.9'		Interbedded black shale and gray and black siltstone
362.9'-366.3'		Black clay shale with siderite nodules
366.3'-366.5'		Gray siltstone
366.5'-367.4'		Siltstone; dark gray, a few scattered oolites

BORING NOTES				
DEPTH		INTERV.	CORE RECOVER	% RECOVER
FROM	TO			
0	20	20	Rock	Bit
20	40	20		
40	60	20		
60	70	10		
70	84.8	14.8		
84.8	137	52.2	Rock	Bit
137	140	3.0		
140	173	33	Rock	Bit
173	175	2		
175	184	9		
184	204	20		
204	224	20		
224	236	12		
236	270	34		
270	278	8		

(continued on Page 2)

SAMPLING NOTES			
DEPTH		INTERV.	SAMPLE NUMBER
FROM	TO		
373	386.1	13.1	S-6-1

%  
P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>  
24.7

